

# Addressing Covert Termination and Timing Channels in Concurrent Information Flow Systems

*Deian Stefan, Alejandro Russo, Pablo Buiras,  
Amit Levy, John Mitchell, and David Mazières*



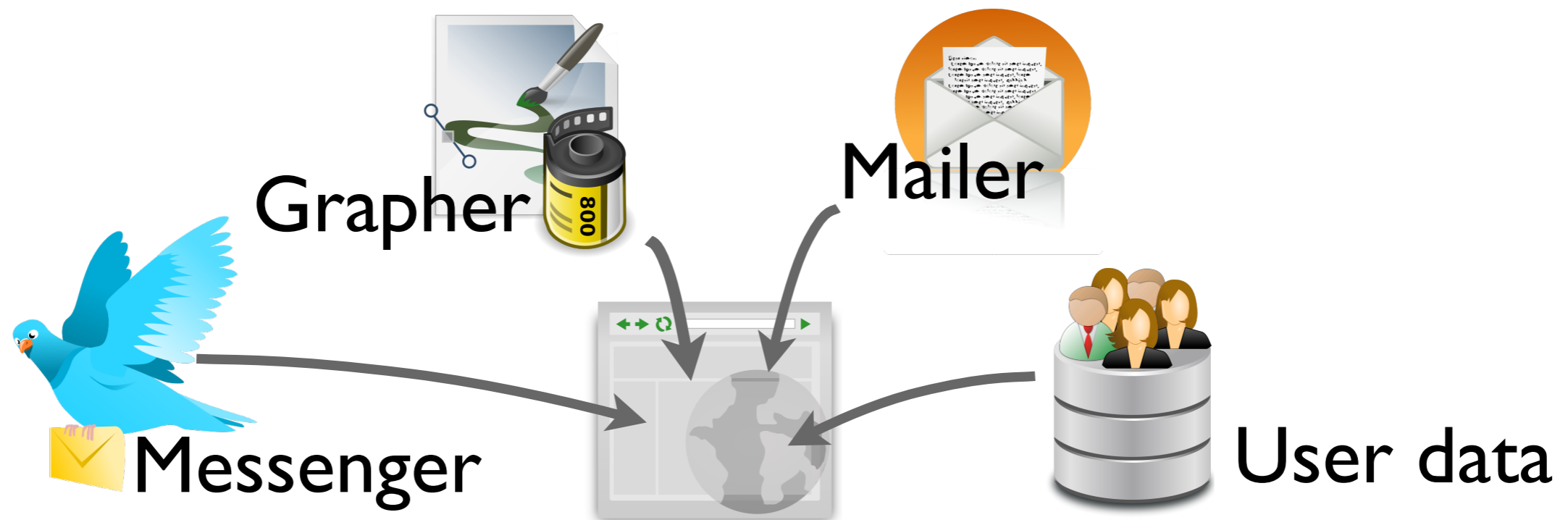
STANFORD  
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**CHALMERS**

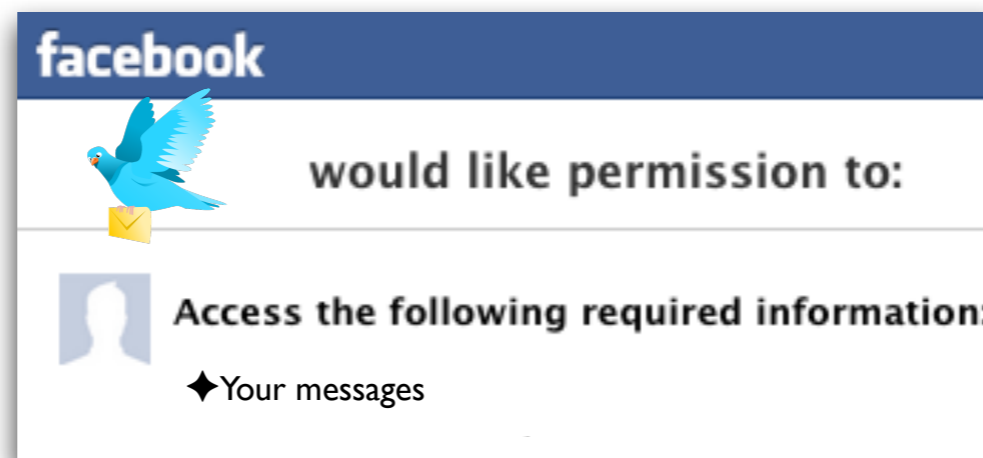
# Motivation

Web framework for integrating 3<sup>rd</sup> party apps



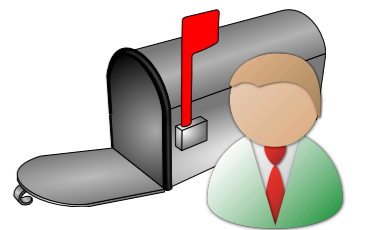
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- Platforms restrict what data apps can see



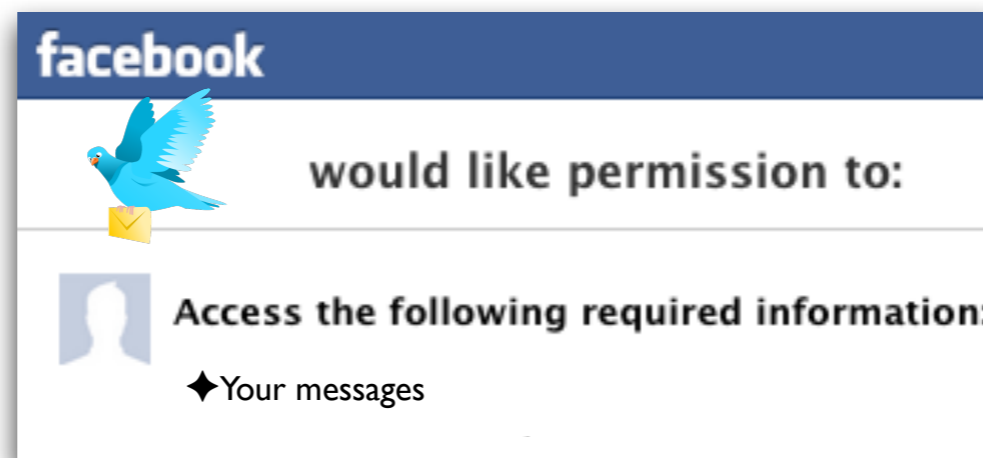
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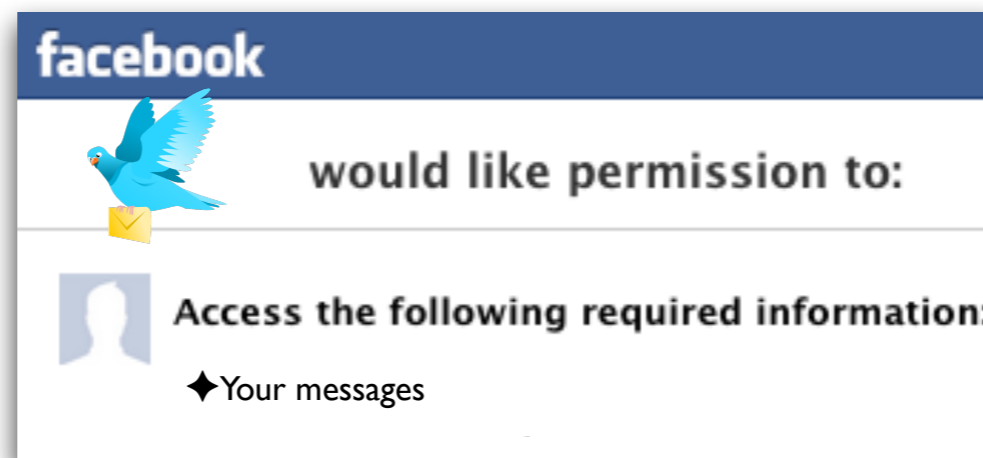
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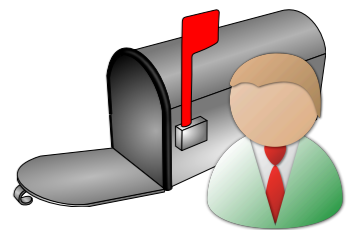
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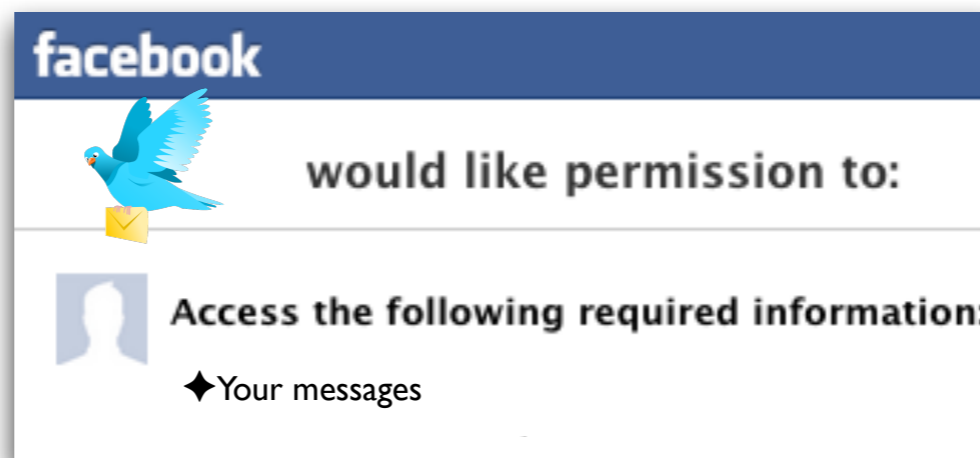
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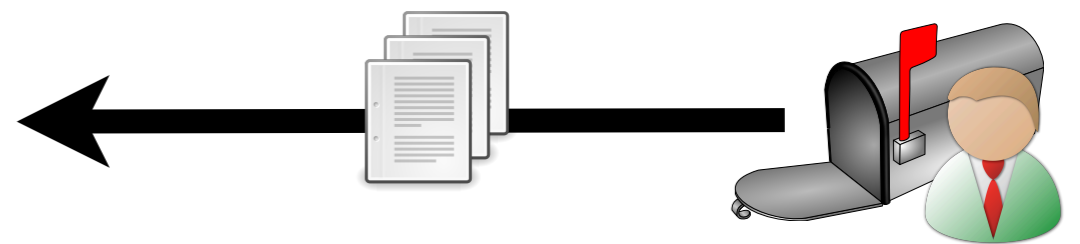
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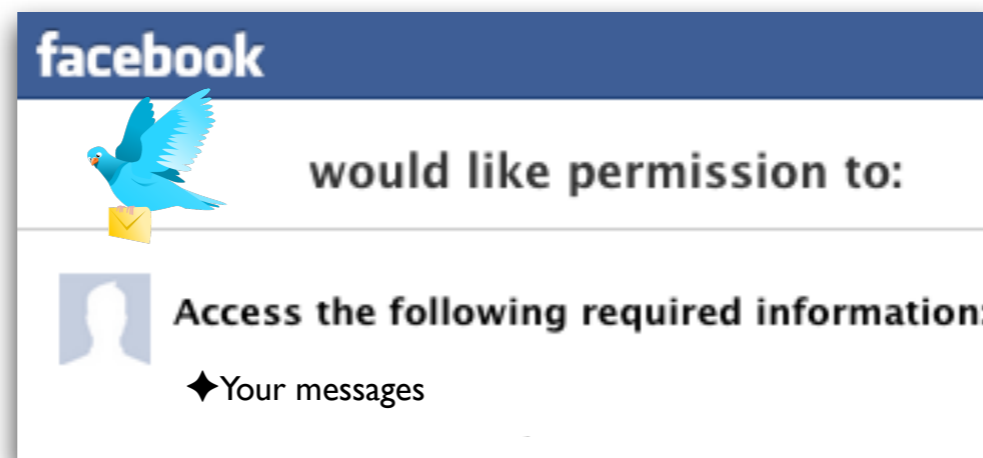
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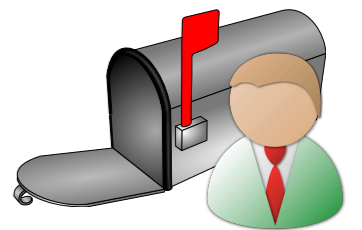
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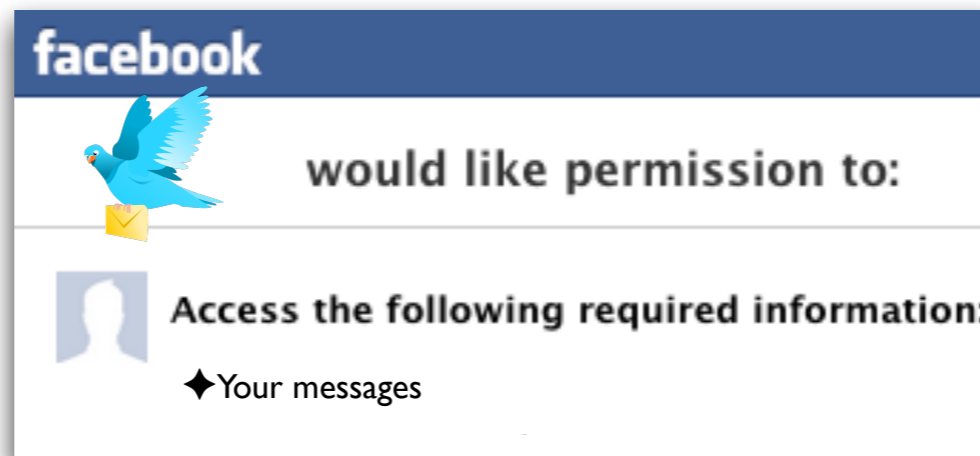
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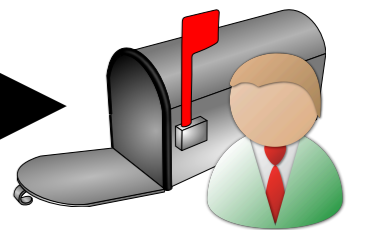
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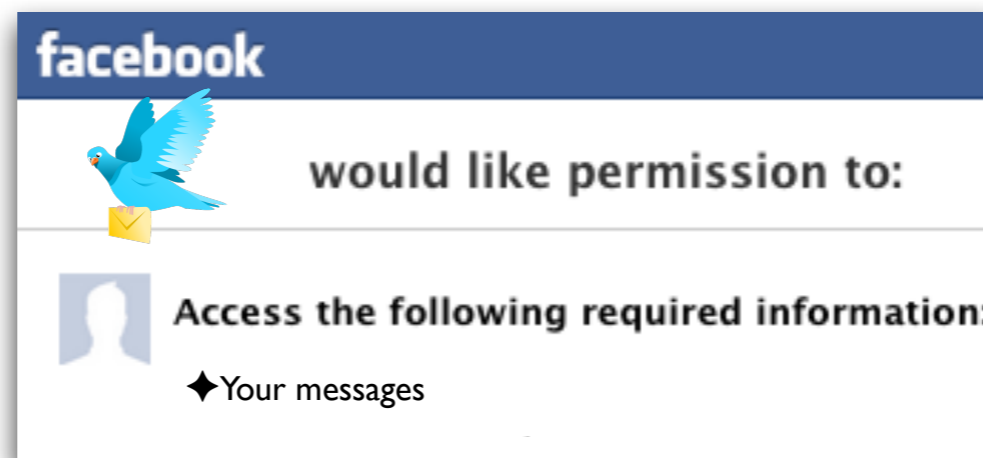
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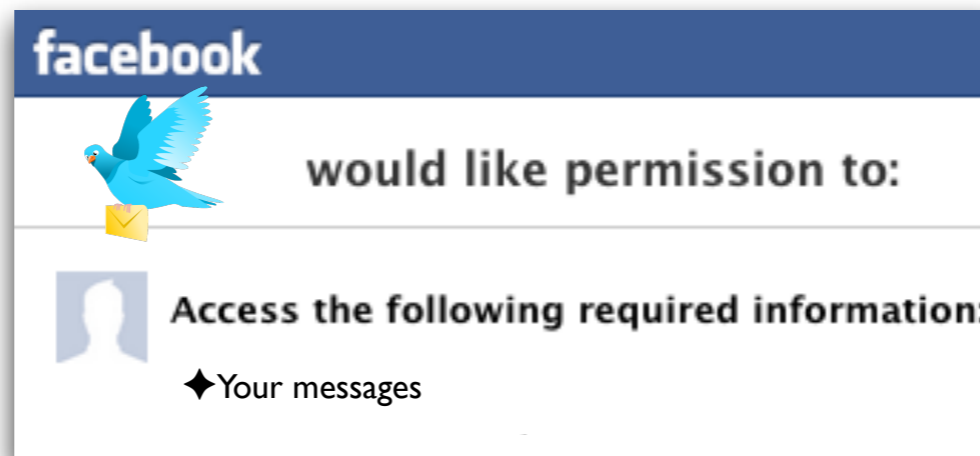


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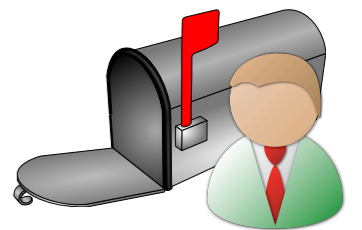
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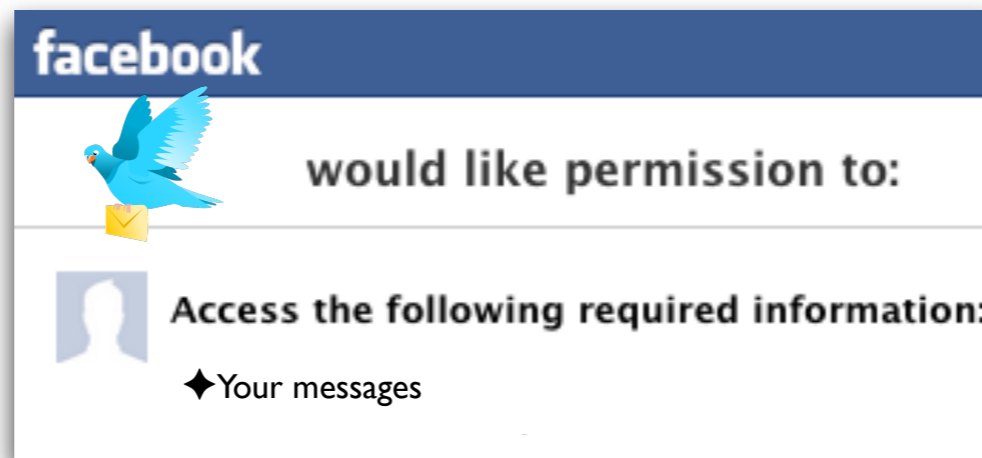


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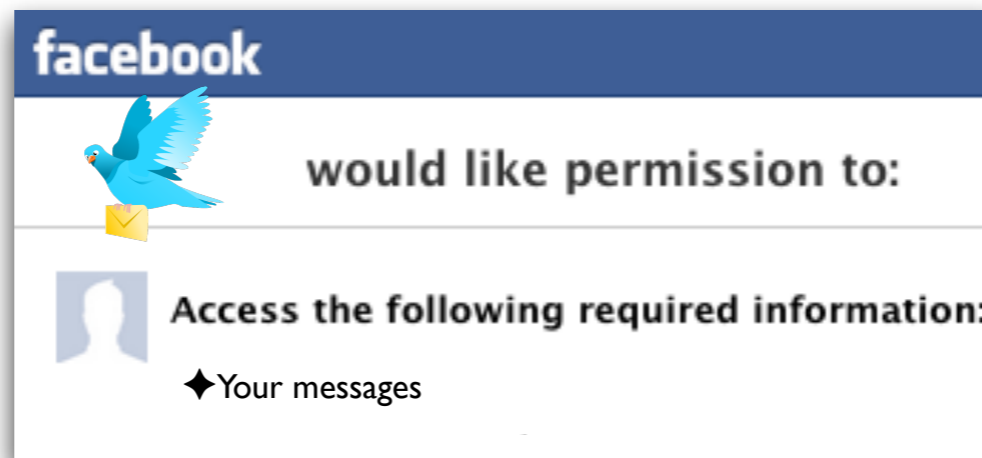


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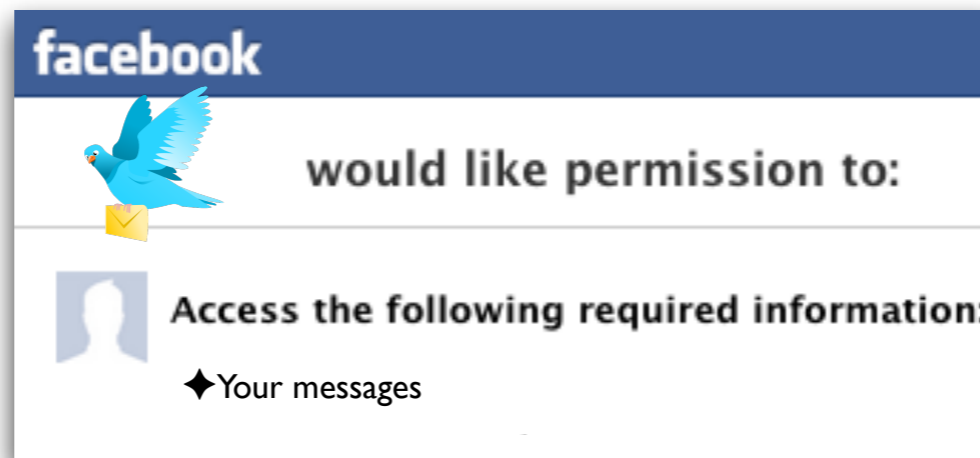


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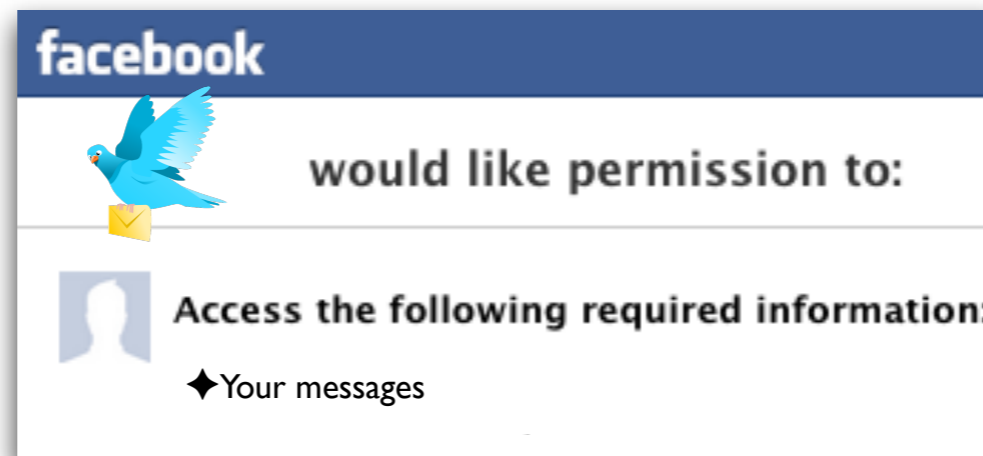


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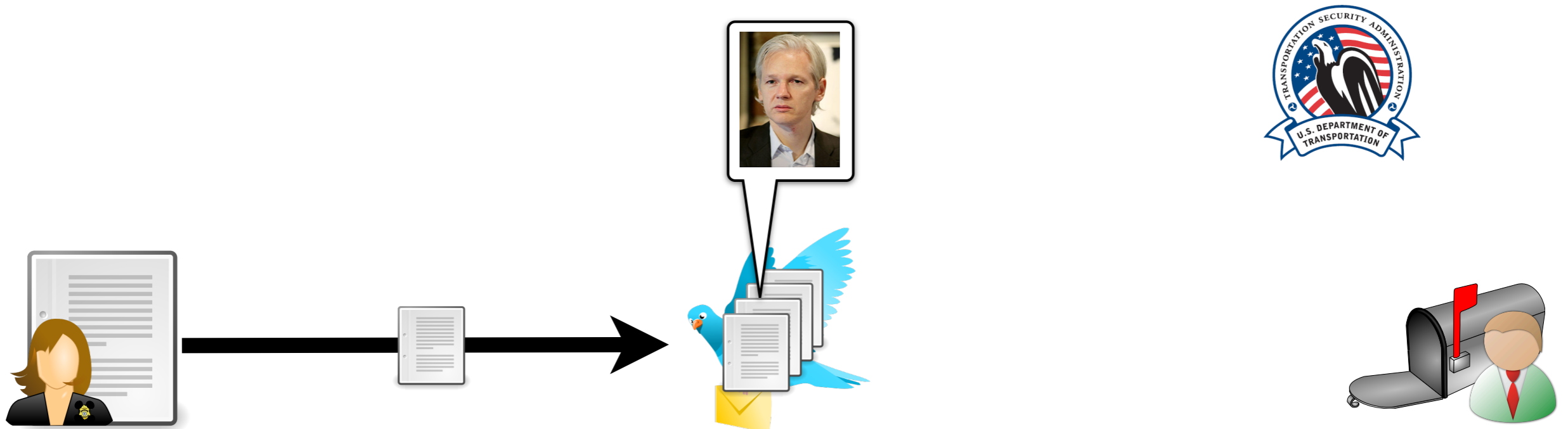


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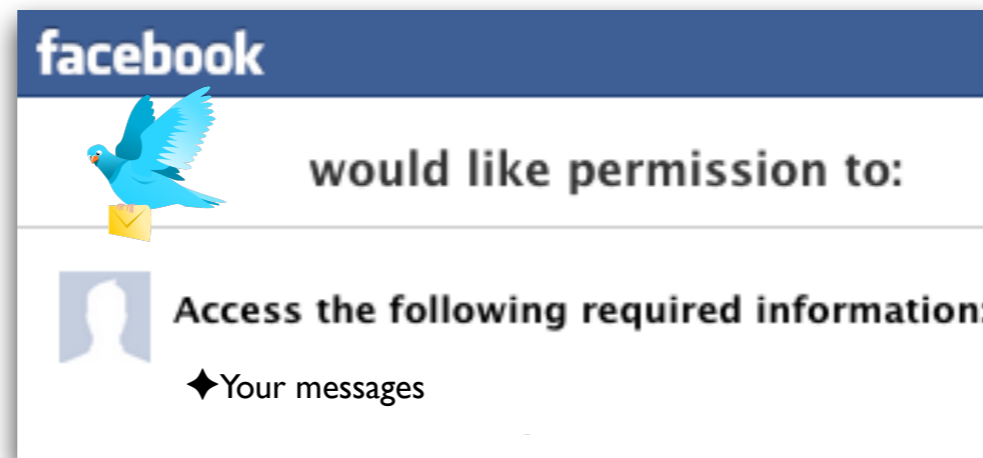


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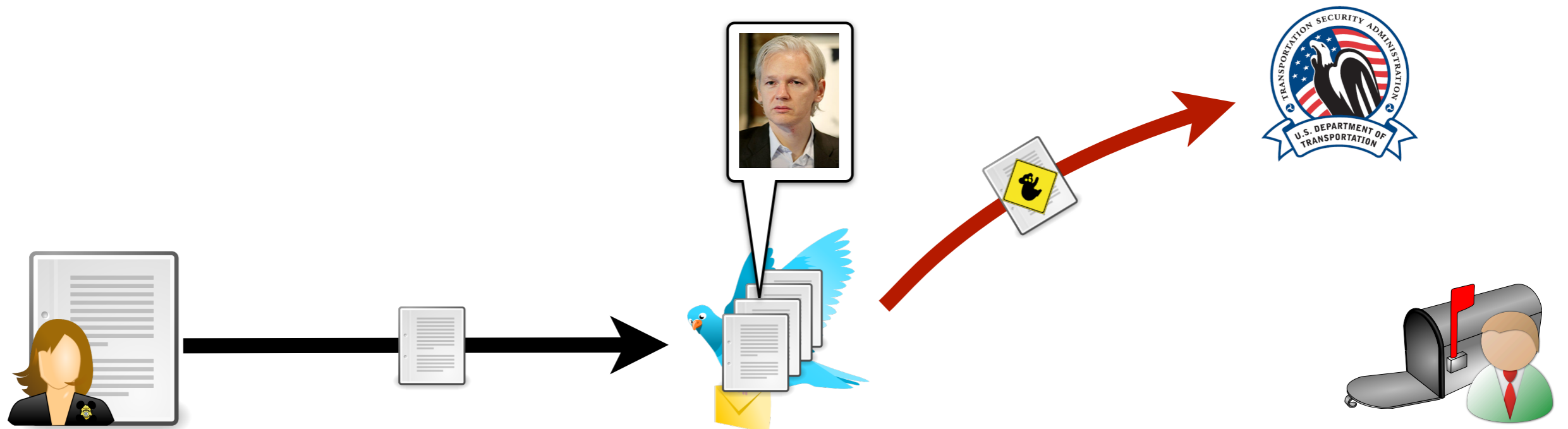


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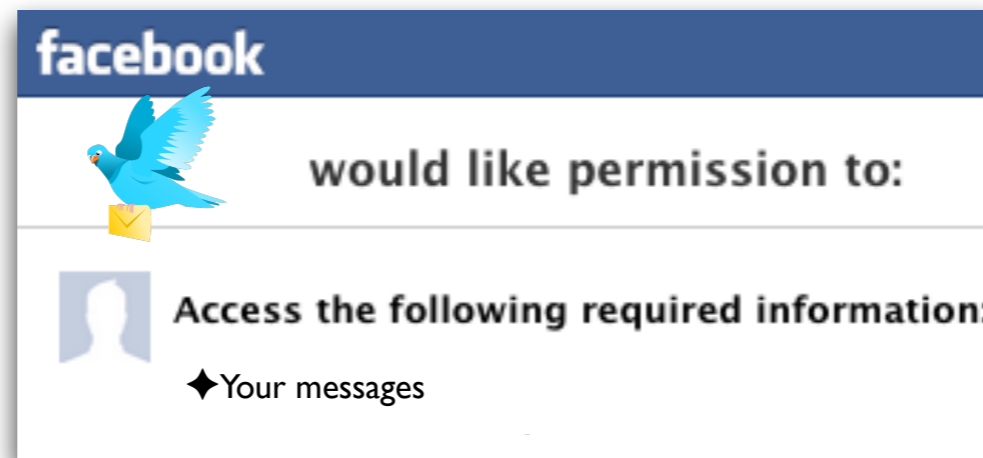


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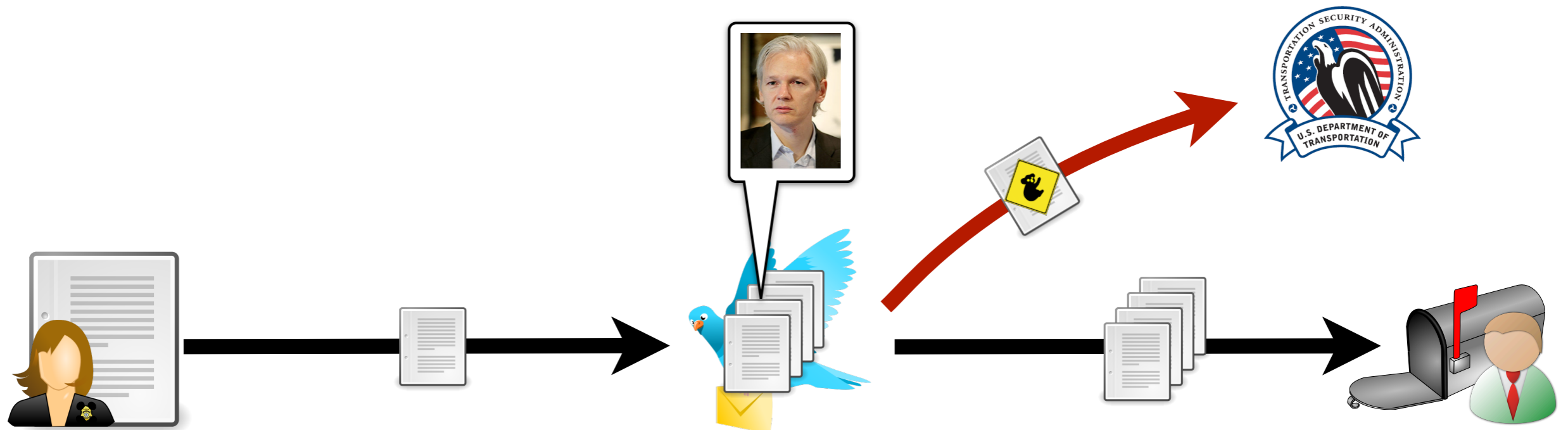


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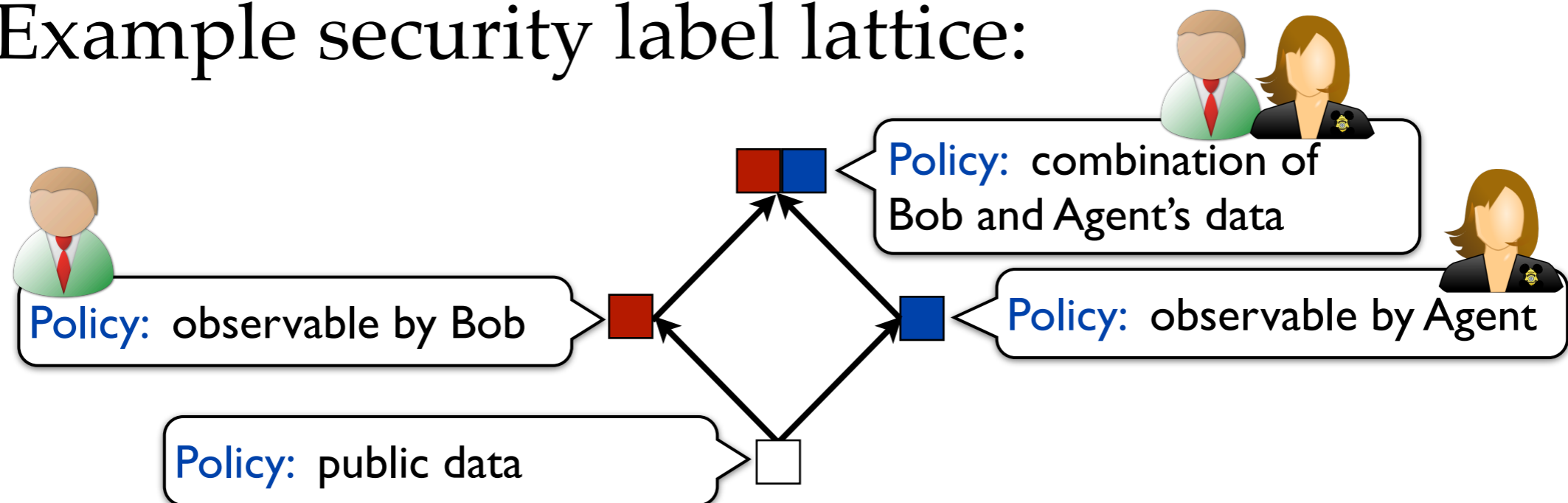
# Fundamental Problem

- Problem:
  - Read sensitive data with `getUserMessages`
  - Wrote to remote host with `alertTSA`
- Solution:
  - Restrict who the app can communicate with depending on what data it has read

# Alternative Approach

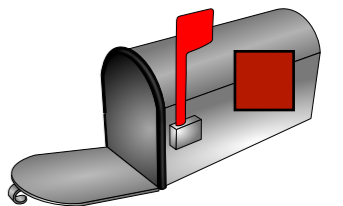
## Information Flow Control with LIO

- Label every object with a security level / policy
  - *Label protects data by specifying who can read/write*
- Example security label lattice:



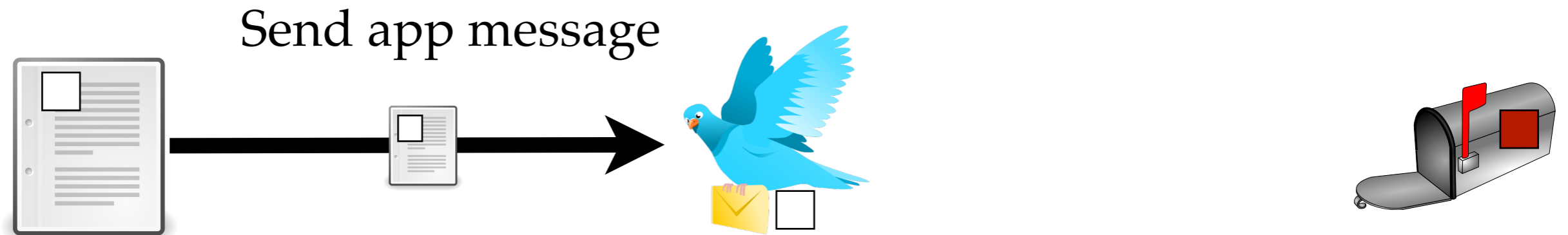
# LIO Monad

- Execute computations in **LIO** monad
  - Opaque monad records context “current” label
  - I.e., tracks taint of computation
  - Restricts side-effects an app can perform
- Example (sending Bob a message):



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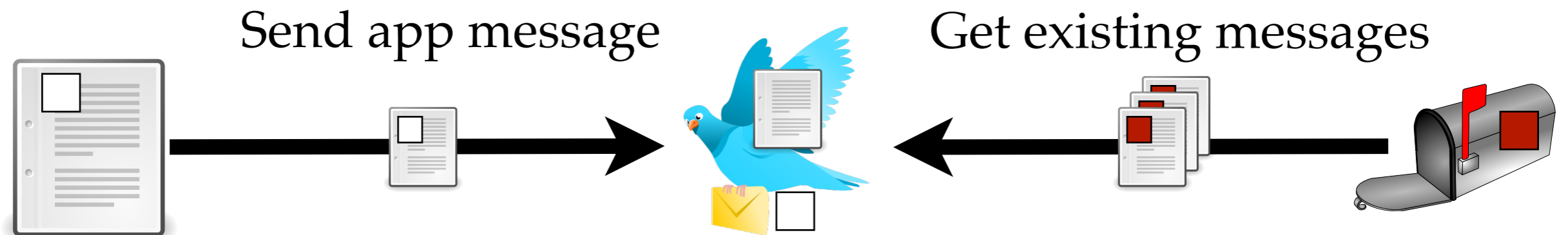
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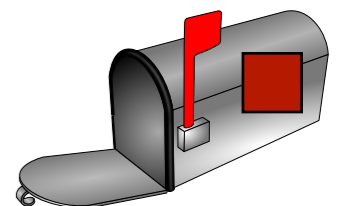
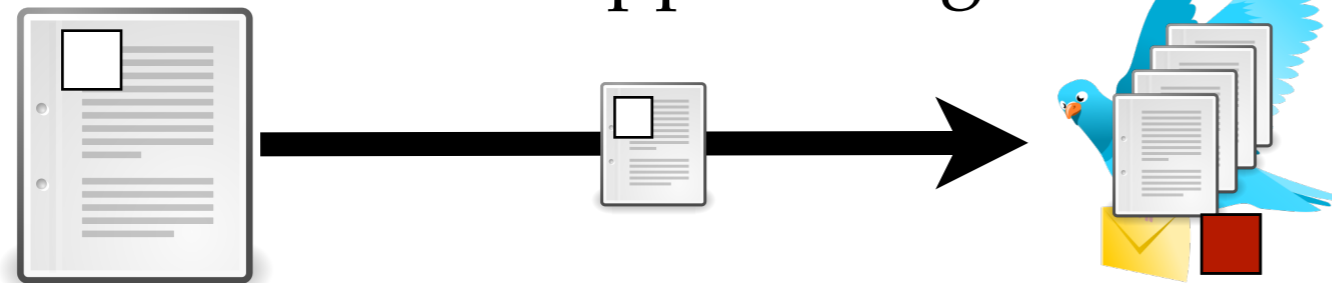
# LIO Monad

## Preventing unwanted leaks

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  when (messages `hasRecipient` "Julian Assange")  
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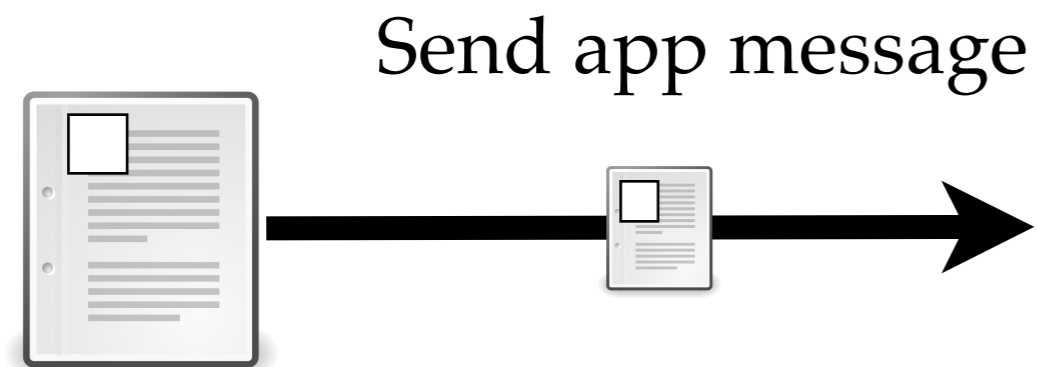
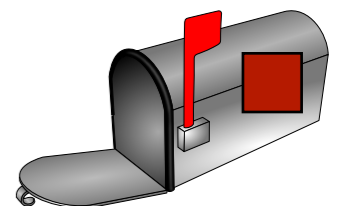
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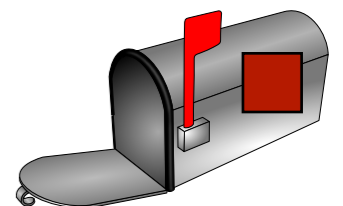
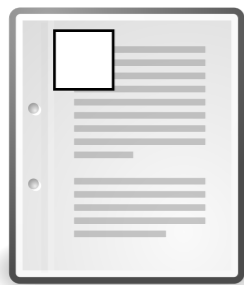
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App receives exception:  
Trying to leak sensitive data.



Send app message



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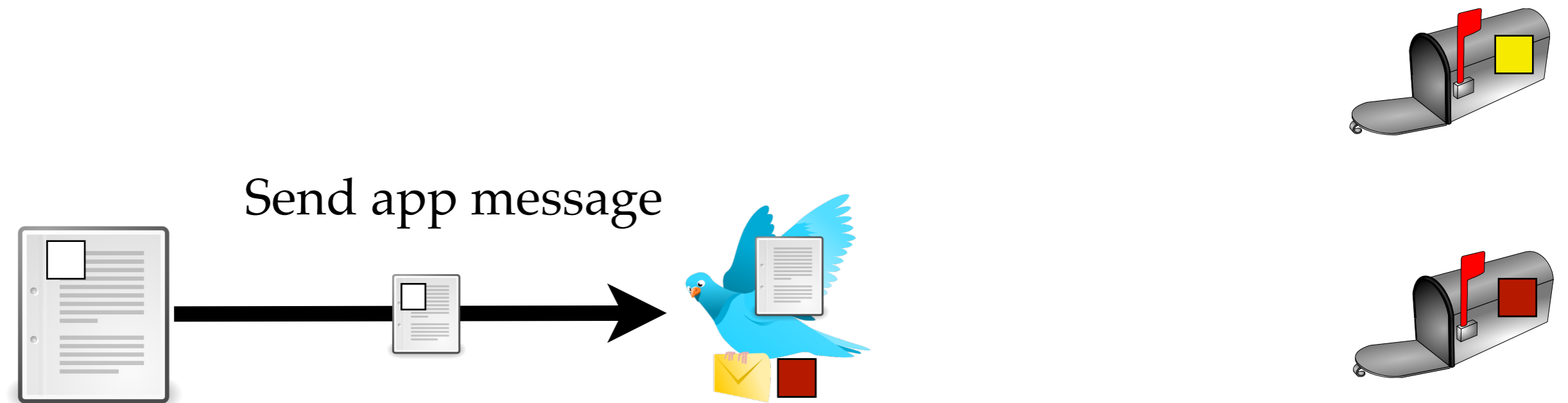
Overly restrictive

- Messenger app wishes to send broadcast message

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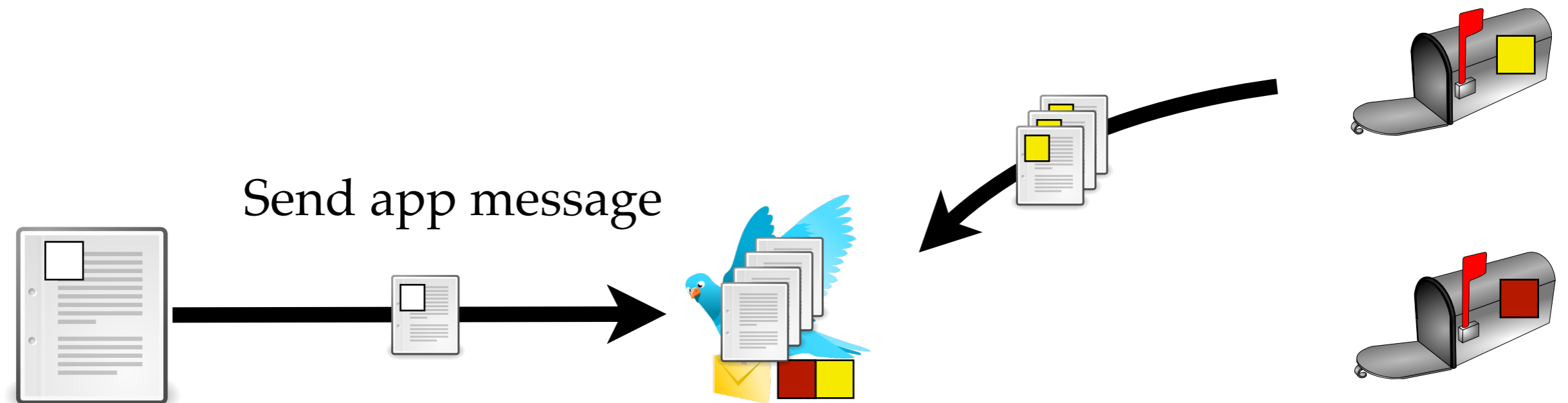
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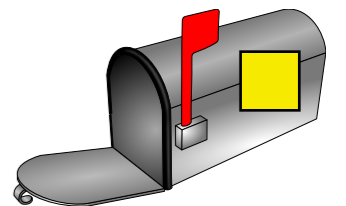
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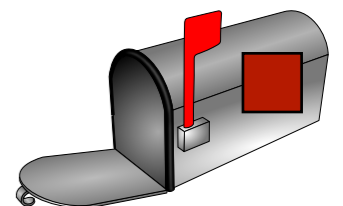
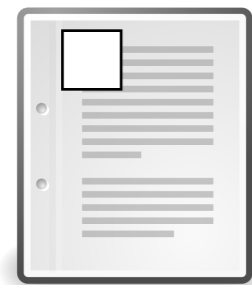
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Send app message





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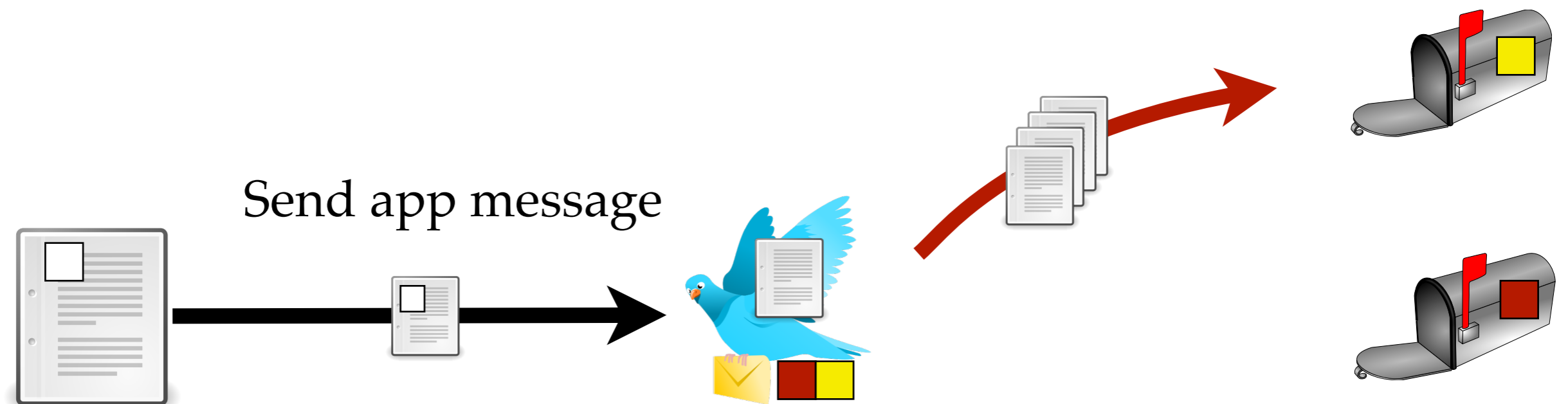
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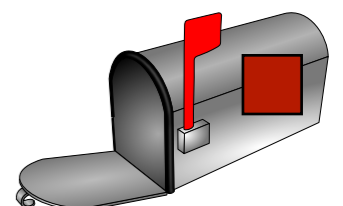
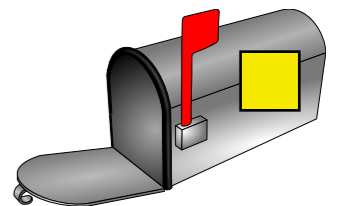
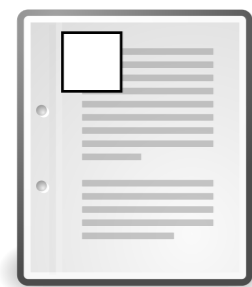
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App receives exception:  
May be leaking Bob's data.

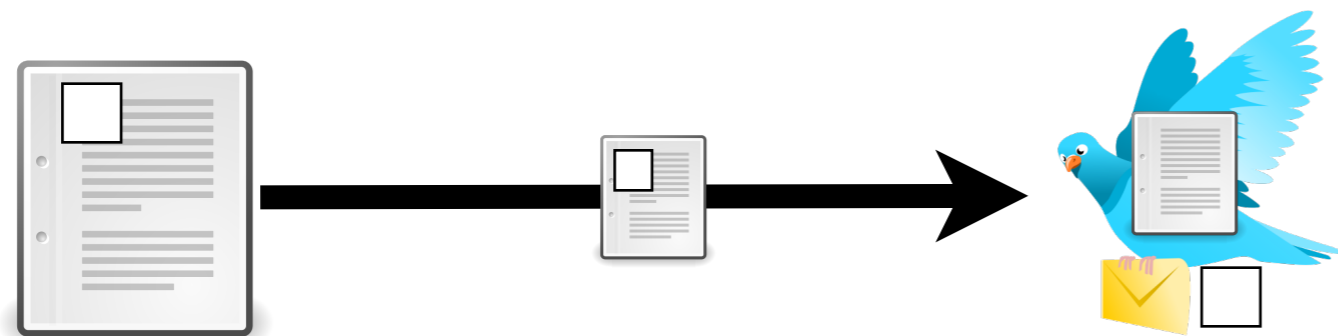
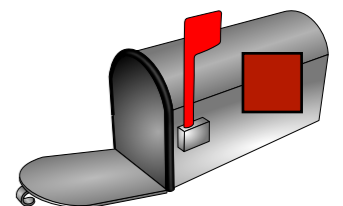
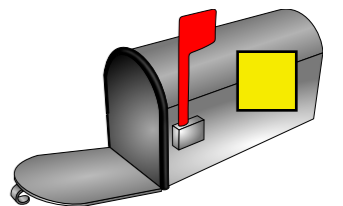


Send app message



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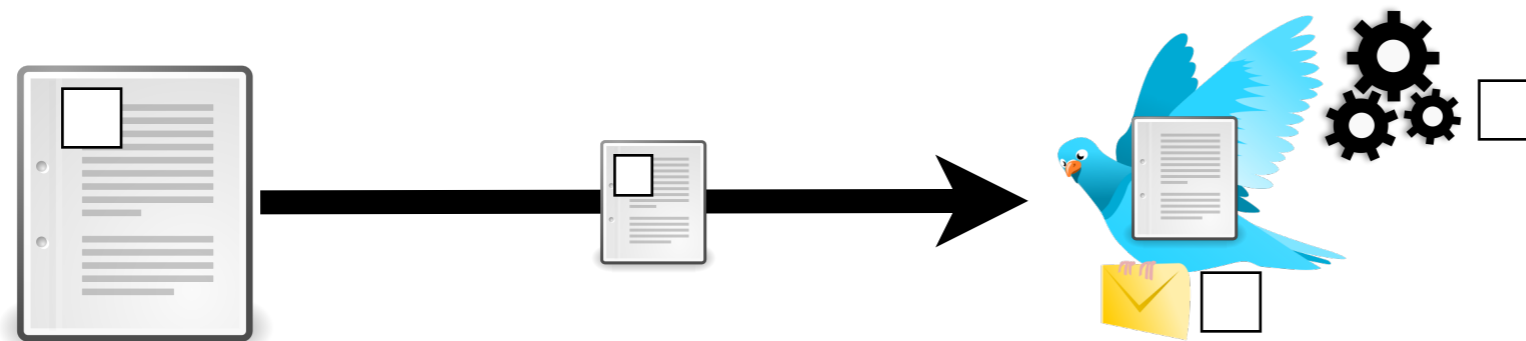
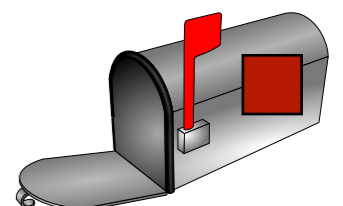
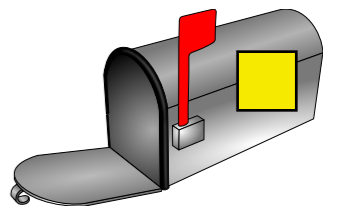


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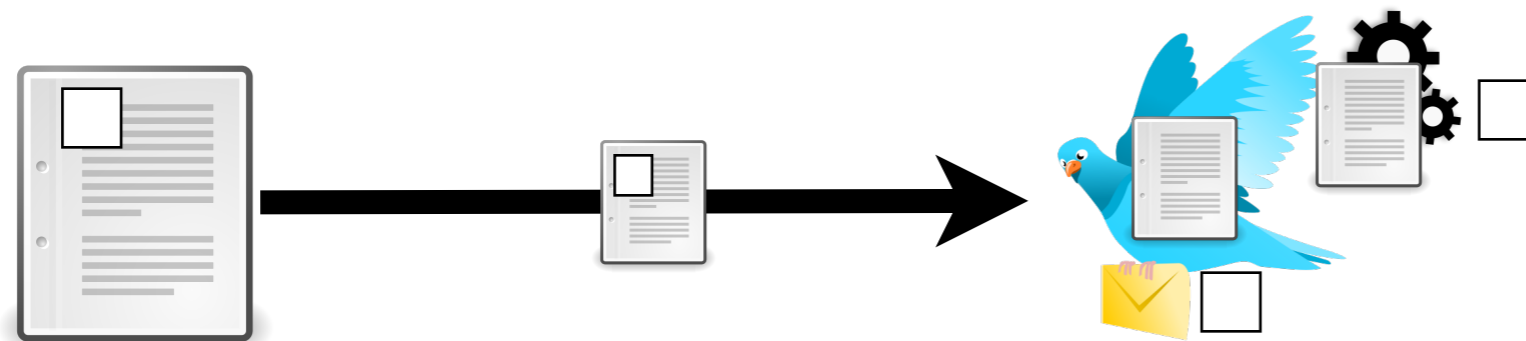
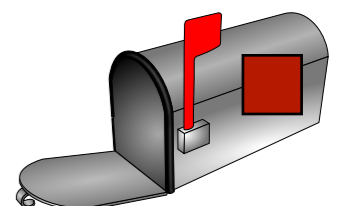
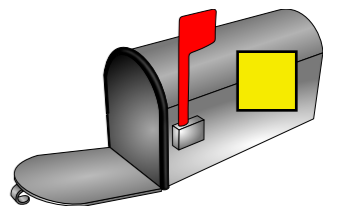


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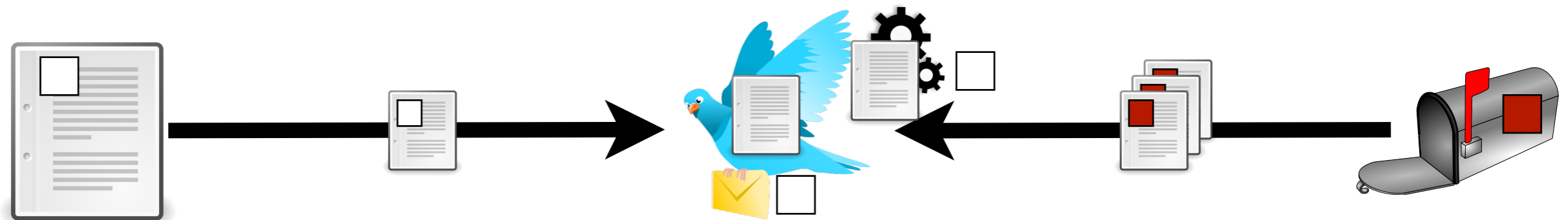
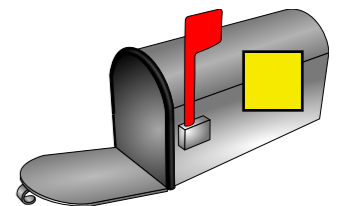


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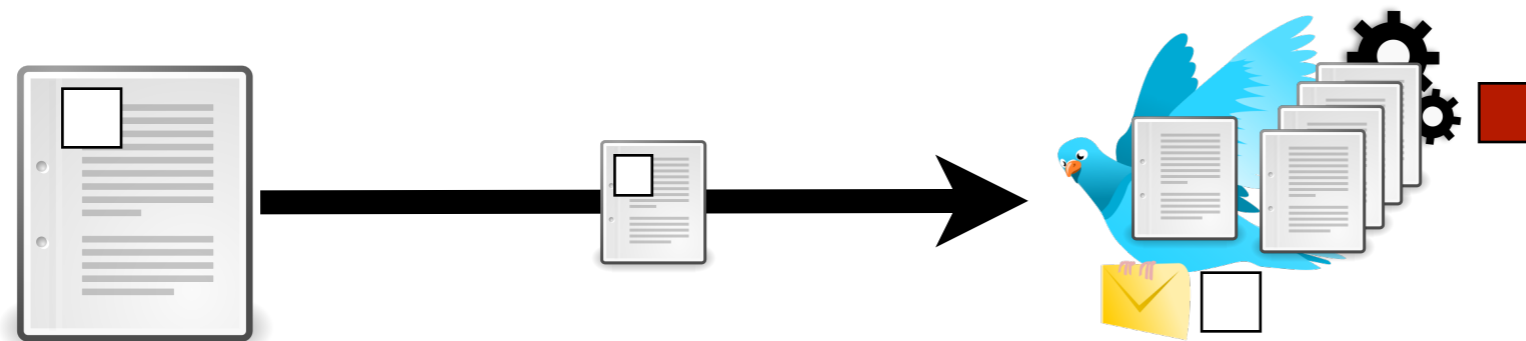
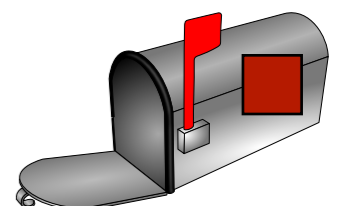
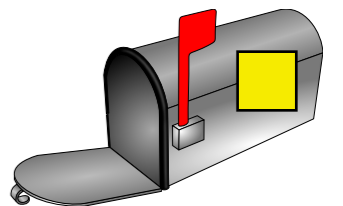


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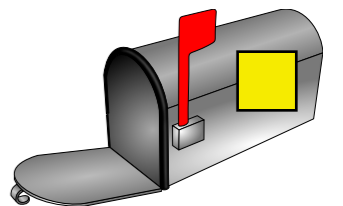


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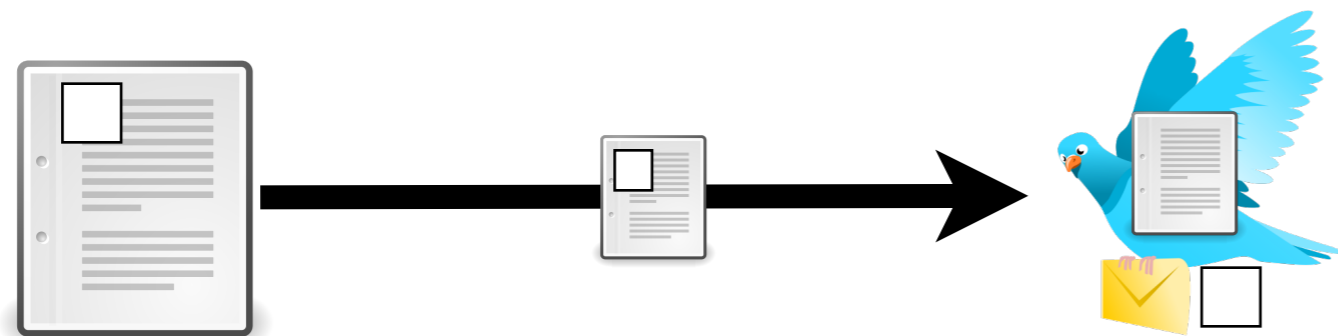
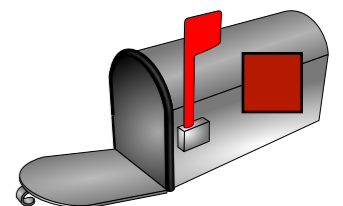
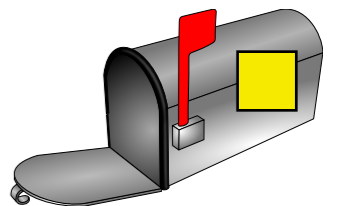






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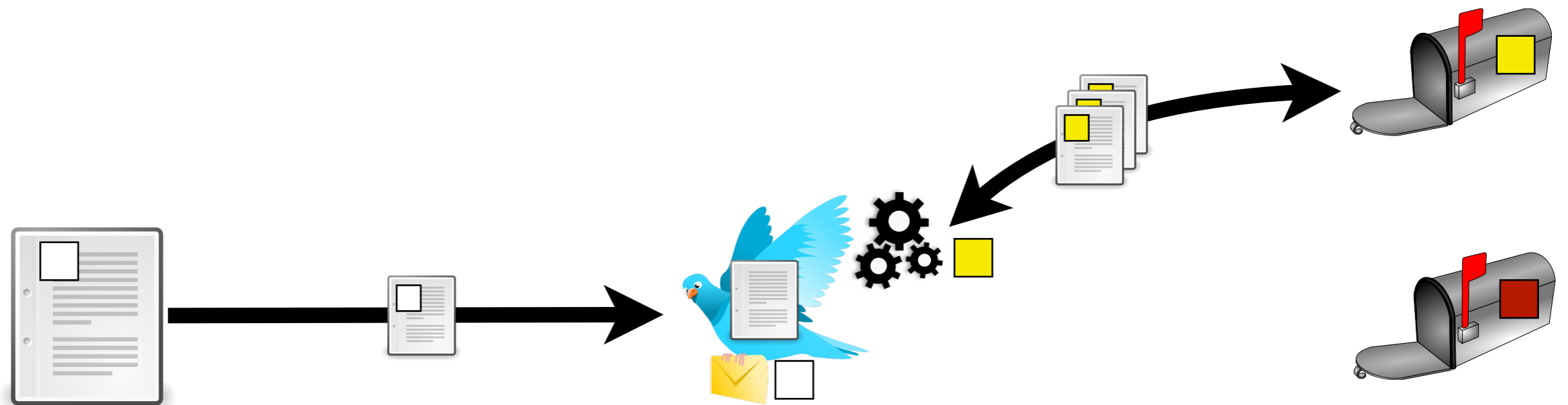
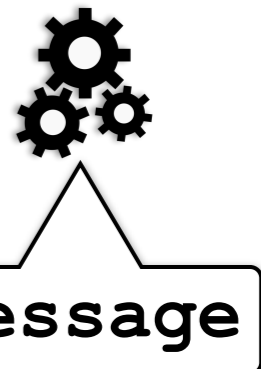
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... **discard** *covertly leaks termination information.*

# Termination Attack

- Leak secret bit through non-termination

```
isConsiprator :: User -> Int -> LIO ()
isConsiprator victim n = do
  discard $ do
    messages <- getUserMessages victim
    let user = recipient (message!!n)
        when (user == "Julian Assange") ⊥
    writeToPublicChannel "clean"
```

- If user matches: diverge in **discard** block  
Else: write "clean" to public channel

# Termination Attack

- Address at the framework / system level
- Use different attacker model
  - Termination-insensitive non-interference: *if a program terminates, then confidentiality and integrity of data is preserved*
- Don't address: very low bandwidth channel
  - Leaks 1 bit per run

# Adding Fire

- Threads are crucial to modern web frameworks
  - Need to concurrently serve requests, etc.
- Viability of covert channel attacks
  - Termination attack leaks 1 bit per thread
  - Can leak data within same program
  - Permits attacks relying on internal timing

# Internal Timing Attack

- Leak secret bit by affecting output ordering

```
isConsiprator :: User -> Int -> LIO ()
```

```
isConsiprator victim n = do
```

```
  fork $ do delay 100  
           writeToPublicChannel "y"
```

Write race to  
public channel

```
  fork $ do  
    discard $ do  
      messages <- getUserMessages victim  
      let user = msgDestination (message!!n)  
          when (user == "Julian Assange") $ delay 500  
      writeToPublicChannel "es"
```

- If user matches: write "y" first, then "es"  
Else: write "es" then "y"

- Analyze output: "yes" ➡ contact with Assange

# Solution: Threads

Fighting fire with fire

- Decoupling **discard** computations
  - Spawn new thread to execute sub-computation
  - Immediately return a labeled future to thread
- Making LIO safe:
  - **discard**
  - + **lFork**: spawn new, labeled threads
  - + **lWait**: force thread evaluation, first “raising” context label to read result and termination



# ~~Termination Attack~~

- Cannot leak bits through non-termination

```
isConsiprator :: User -> Int -> LIO ()
isConsiprator victim n = do
  lFork $ do
    messages <- getUserMessages victim
    let user = recipient (message!!n)
        when (user == "Julian Assange") ⊥
    writeToPublicChannel "clean"
```

- If user matches: diverge in **discard** block
- Always write "clean" to public channel

# ~~Internal Timing Attack~~

- Cannot affect output ordering

```
isConsiprator :: User -> Int -> LIO ()  
isConsiprator victim n = do
```

```
  lFork $ do delay 100  
            writeToPublicChannel "y"
```

```
  lFork $ do  
    lFork $ do  
      messages <- getUserMessages victim  
      let user = msgDestination (message!!n)  
          when (user == "Julian Assange") $ delay 500  
      writeToPublicChannel "es"
```

NO race to  
public channel

- Always write "es" first, then "y"

# Status of LIO

- Used in production system
- Formalized as call-by-name  $\lambda$ -calculus
  - Support for thread spawning and joining with **lFork** and **lWait**
  - Support for MVars
- Theorem: Termination-sensitive non-interference
  - Informally: *Confidentiality and integrity of data is preserved even if threads diverge.*

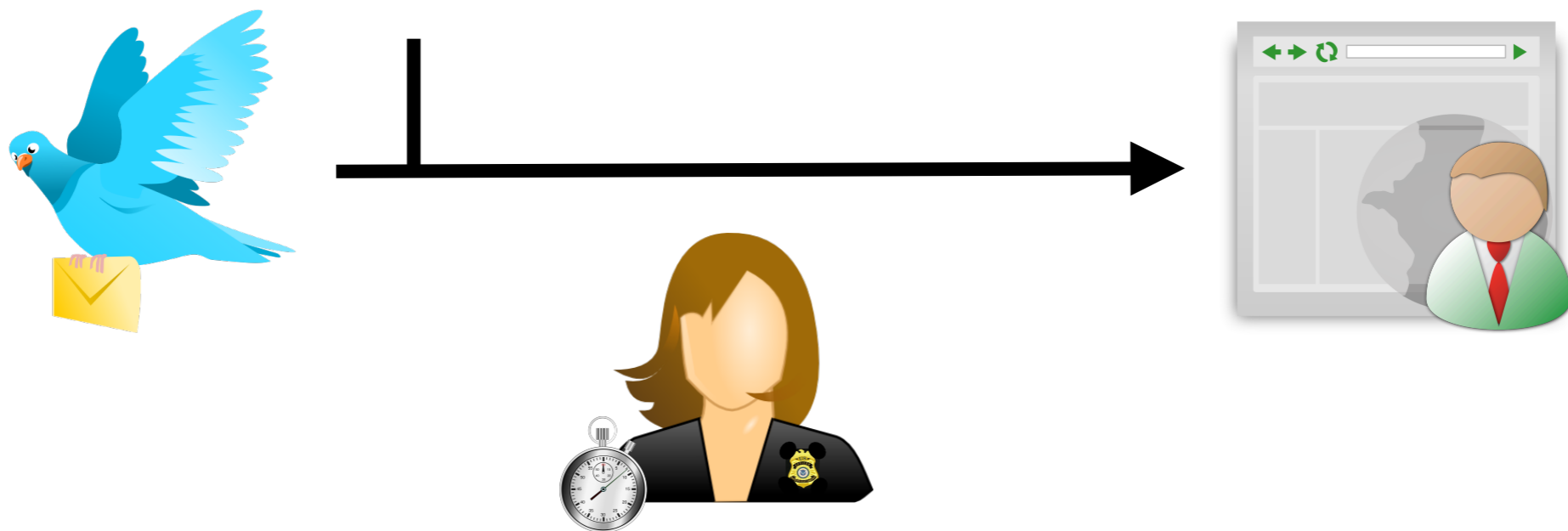
# A Practical Perspective

- Covert channels closed by LIO
  - *Termination*
  - *Internal timing*
- What about external timing channel?



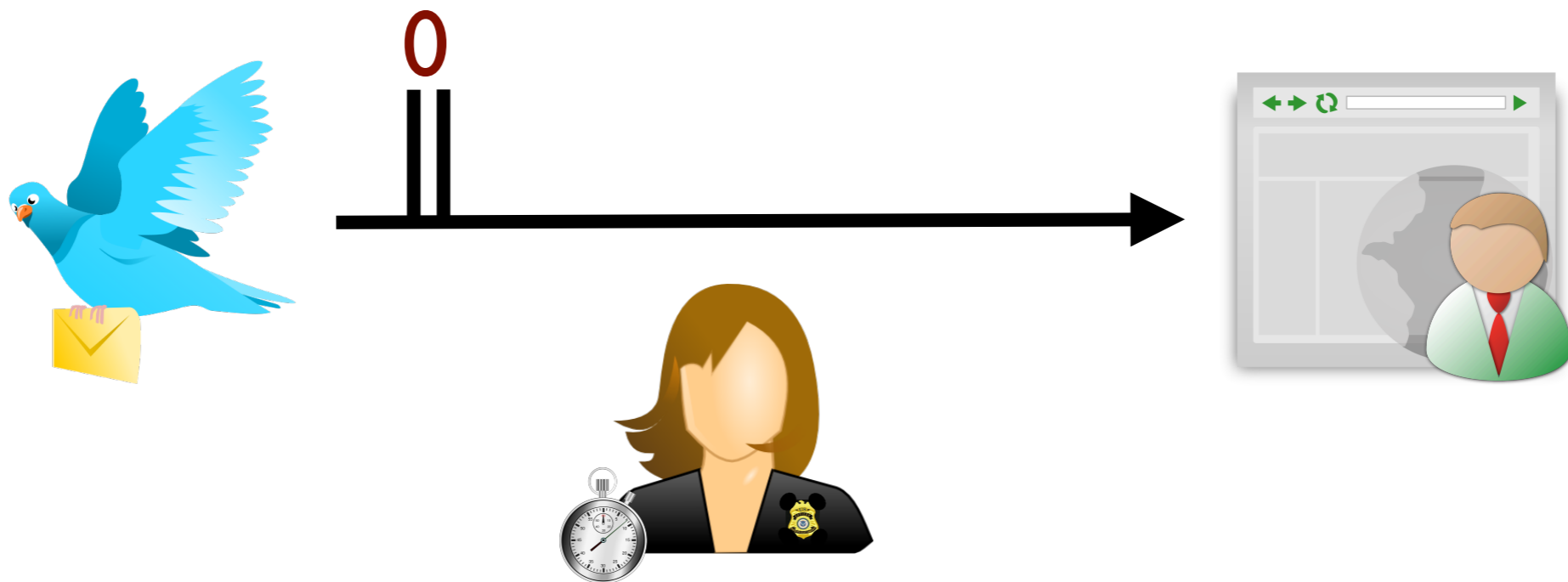
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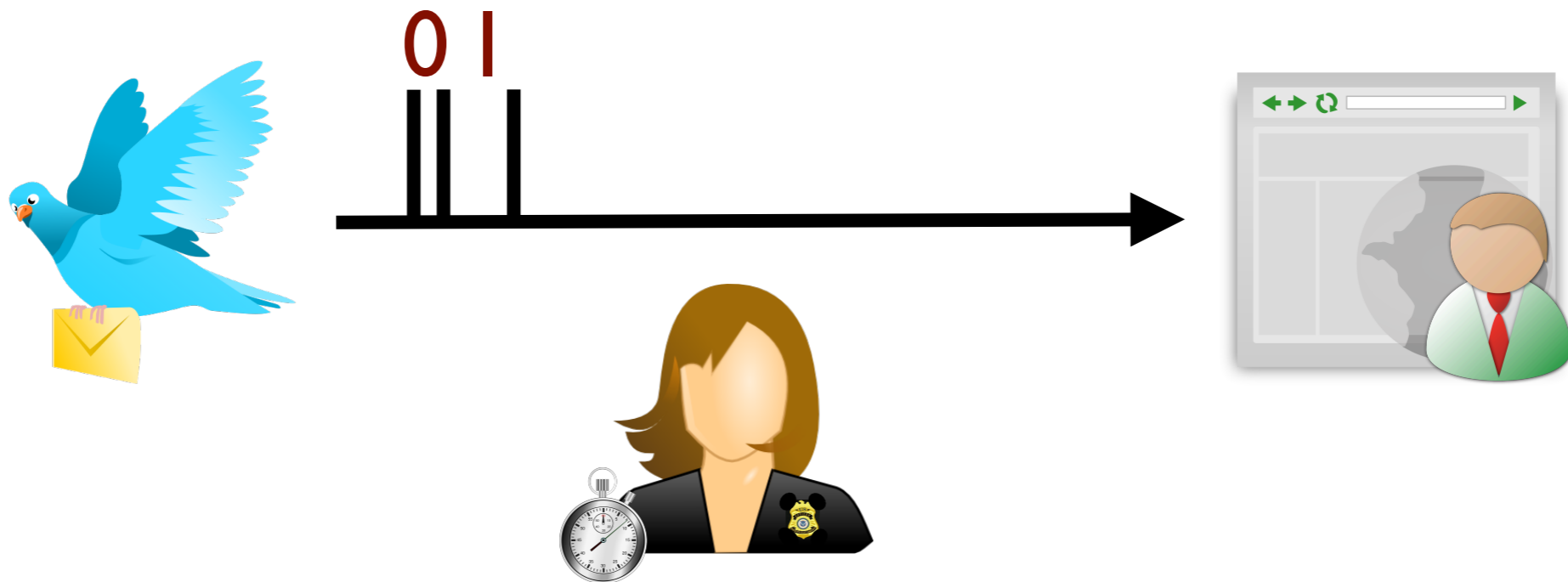
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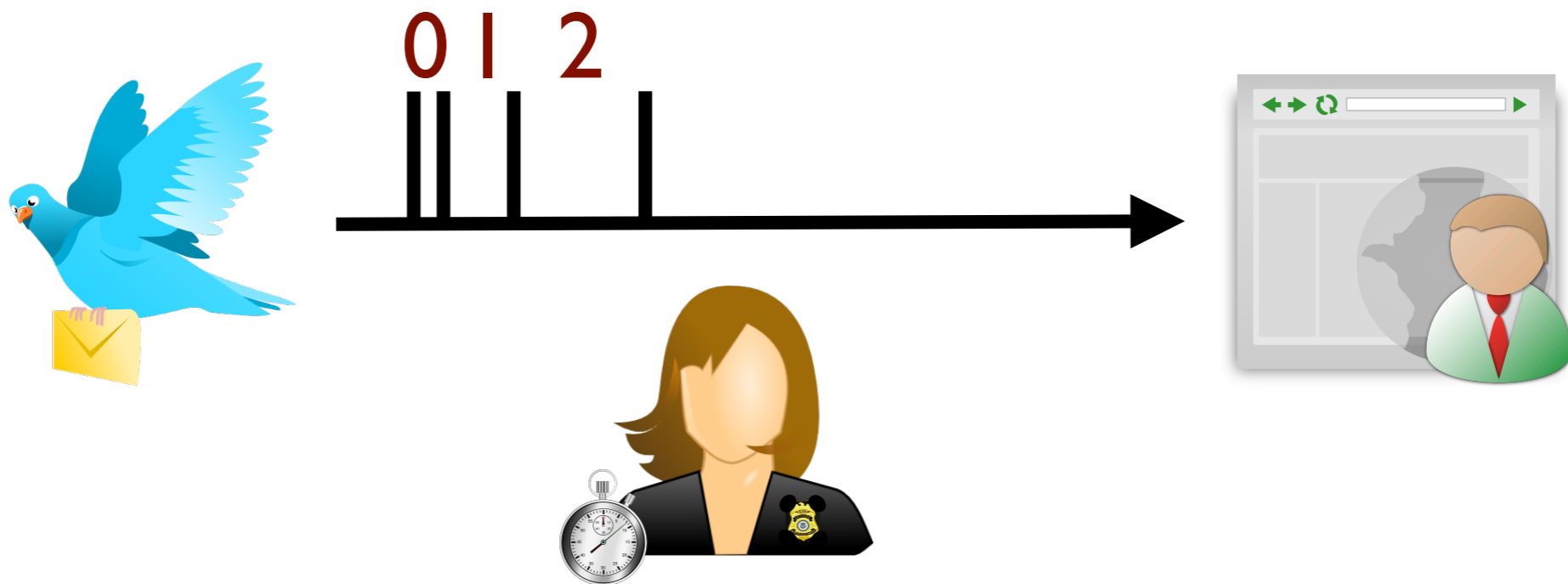
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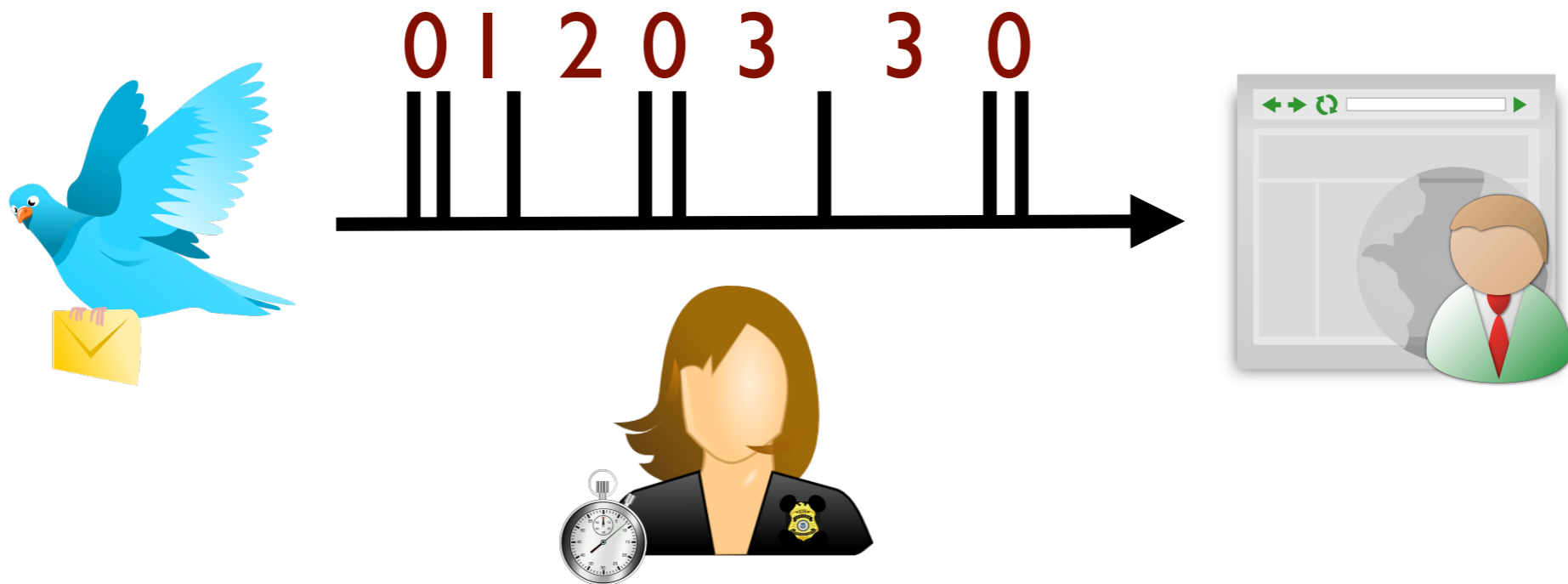
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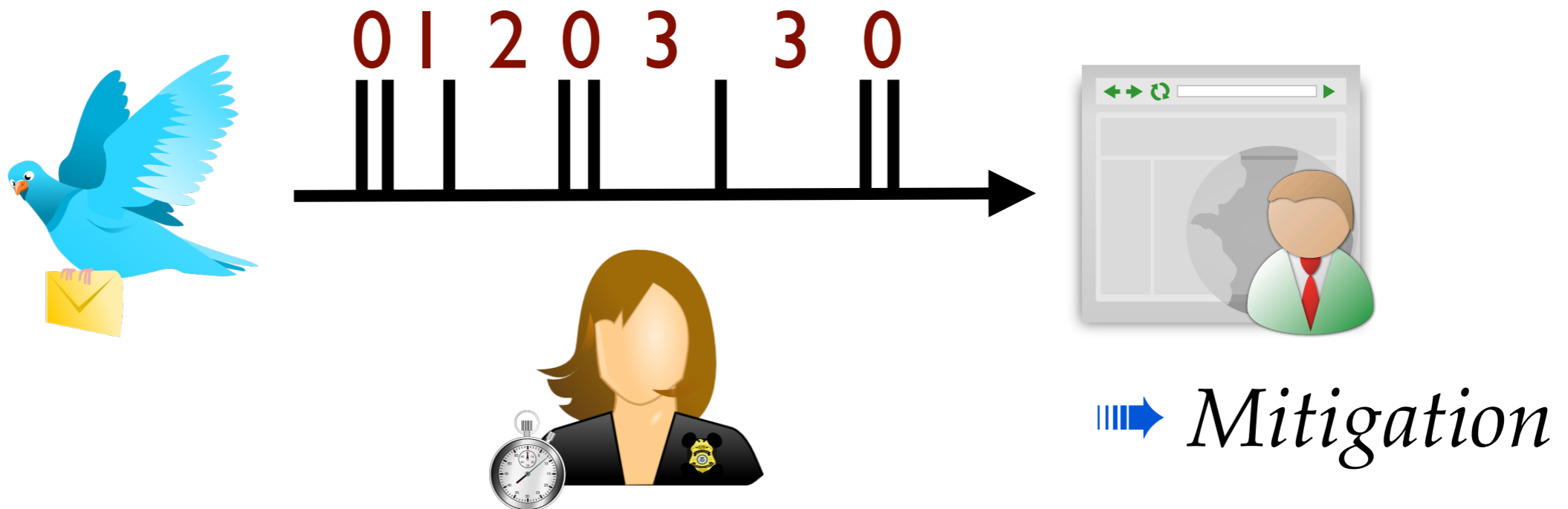
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# A Practical Perspective

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Thank you

`cabal install lio`

<http://gitstar.com/scs/lio>